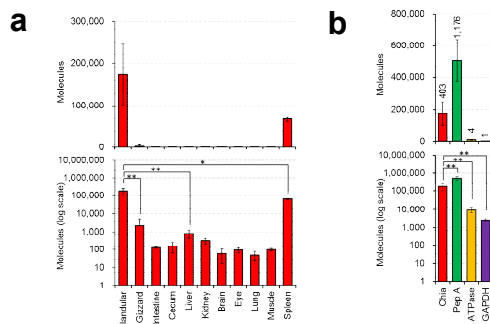


# Chitin-containing organisms can be alternative whole edible diets for poultry

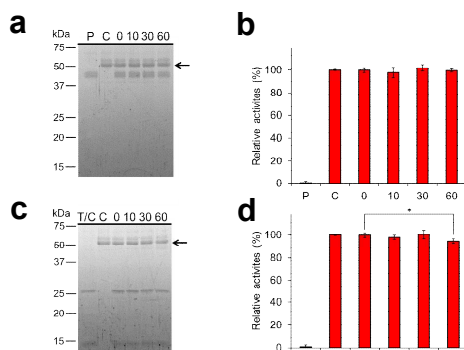
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**Keywords:** acidic chitinase, chitin, chicken, diets, digestive enzyme, gastrointestinal environments, protease resistance

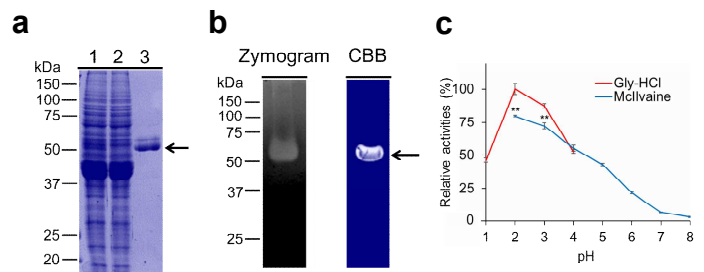
**Outline** Chitin, a polymer of *N*-acetyl-D-glucosamine (GlcNAc), functions as a major structural component in crustaceans, insects and fungi and is the second most abundant polysaccharide in the nature. Although these chitin-containing organisms have been suggested as novel animal feed resources, chitin has long been considered as indigestible fibers in the animal body. Here, we report that Chia can function as a digestive enzyme that breaks down chitin-containing organisms in chicken GIT. Chia mRNA is predominantly expressed in the glandular stomach tissue in normal chicken. Chicken Chia has a robust chitinolytic activity at pH 2.0 and is highly resistant to proteolysis by pepsin and trypsin/chymotrypsin under GIT conditions. Chia degraded shells of mealworm larvae in the presence of digestive proteases and produced (GlcNAc)<sub>2</sub>. Thus, chitin-containing organisms can be used for alternative poultry diets.



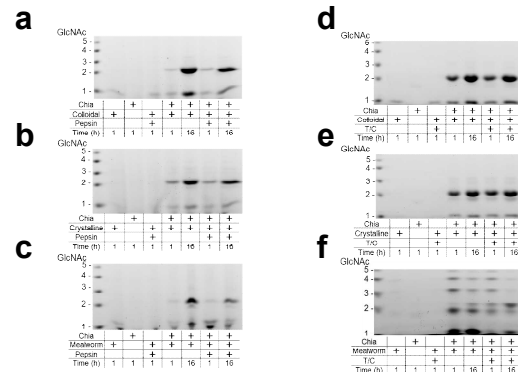
**Fig. 1. Chia mRNA is highly expressed in chicken stomach.** (a) Chia mRNA levels in chicken major eleven tissues. (b) The mRNA levels of four genes in the glandular stomach.



**Fig. 3. Functional stability of chicken Chia against gastrointestinal proteases.** Chia was incubated under stomach-like (a, b) or intestine-like (c, d) environment in the presence of pepsin or trypsin and chymotrypsin.



**Fig. 2. Purification and characterization of Chia from chicken glandular stomach.** (a) SDS-PAGE and CBB staining. (b) Zymogram of chicken Chia. (c) Optimal pH of chicken Chia.



**Fig. 4. Chia degrades chitin substrates into (GlcNAc)<sub>2</sub> in gastrointestinal condition.** (a and d) Colloidal and (b and e) crystalline chitin substrates were degraded by Chia at (a and b) pH 2.0 or (d and e) pH 7.6 for 1 or 16 hours in the presence of pepsin or trypsin and chymotrypsin. Mealworm were also incubated with the enzyme under (c) stomach or (f) intestine condition.

**Novelty** Functional similarity of chicken Chia with the mouse enzyme suggests that chitin-containing organisms can be used for alternative poultry diets not only as whole edible resources but also as enhancers of their nutritional value.

**Application** Chitin-containing organisms can be used for alternative whole edible diets for poultry.

**Related information** ● Original paper: Tabata, E., Kashimura, A., Wakita, S., Ohno, M., Sakaguchi, M., Sugahara, Y., Kino, Y., Matoska, V., Bauer, P.O. and Oyama, F. (2017) Gastric and intestinal proteases resistance of chicken acidic chitinase nominates chitin-containing organisms for alternative whole edible diets for poultry. *Sci. Rep.* **7**, 6662.

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